# CS525 ISFET pH Probe

## **User Manual**

Issued 5.9.11

Copyright © 2009-2011 Campbell Scientific Inc. Printed under licence by Campbell Scientific Ltd.

CSL 850

# Guarantee

This equipment is guaranteed against defects in materials and workmanship. This guarantee applies for six months from date of delivery. We will repair or replace products which prove to be defective during the guarantee period provided they are returned to us prepaid. The guarantee will not apply to:

- Equipment which has been modified or altered in any way without the written permission of Campbell Scientific
- Batteries
- Any product which has been subjected to misuse, neglect, acts of God or damage in transit.

Campbell Scientific will return guaranteed equipment by surface carrier prepaid. Campbell Scientific will not reimburse the claimant for costs incurred in removing and/or reinstalling equipment. This guarantee and the Company's obligation thereunder is in lieu of all other guarantees, expressed or implied, including those of suitability and fitness for a particular purpose. Campbell Scientific is not liable for consequential damage.

Please inform us before returning equipment and obtain a Repair Reference Number whether the repair is under guarantee or not. Please state the faults as clearly as possible, and if the product is out of the guarantee period it should be accompanied by a purchase order. Quotations for repairs can be given on request. It is the policy of Campbell Scientific to protect the health of its employees and provide a safe working environment, in support of this policy a "Declaration of Hazardous Material and Decontamination" form will be issued for completion.

When returning equipment, the Repair Reference Number must be clearly marked on the outside of the package. Complete the "Declaration of Hazardous Material and Decontamination" form and ensure a completed copy is returned with your goods. Please note your Repair may not be processed if you do not include a copy of this form and Campbell Scientific Ltd reserves the right to return goods at the customers' expense.

Note that goods sent air freight are subject to Customs clearance fees which Campbell Scientific will charge to customers. In many cases, these charges are greater than the cost of the repair.



Campbell Scientific Ltd, Campbell Park, 80 Hathern Road, Shepshed, Loughborough, LE12 9GX, UK Tel: +44 (0) 1509 601141 Fax: +44 (0) 1509 601091 Email: support@campbellsci.co.uk www.campbellsci.co.uk

### About this manual

Please note that this manual was originally produced by Campbell Scientific Inc. primarily for the North American market. Some spellings, weights and measures may reflect this origin.

Some useful conversion factors:

<b>Area:</b> 1	$in^2$ (square inch) = 645 mm <sup>2</sup>	Mass:	1 oz. (ounce) = 28.35 g 1 lb (pound weight) = 0.454 kg
Length:	1 in. (inch) = 25.4 mm 1 ft (foot) = 304.8 mm 1 yard = 0.914 m	Pressure:	1 psi (lb/in <sup>2</sup> ) = 68.95 mb
	1  mile = 1.609  km	Volume:	1 UK pint = 568.3 ml 1 UK gallon = 4.546 litres 1 US gallon = 3.785 litres

In addition, while most of the information in the manual is correct for all countries, certain information is specific to the North American market and so may not be applicable to European users.

Differences include the U.S standard external power supply details where some information (for example the AC transformer input voltage) will not be applicable for British/European use. *Please note, however, that when a power supply adapter is ordered it will be suitable for use in your country.* 

Reference to some radio transmitters, digital cell phones and aerials may also not be applicable according to your locality.

Some brackets, shields and enclosure options, including wiring, are not sold as standard items in the European market; in some cases alternatives are offered. Details of the alternatives will be covered in separate manuals.

Part numbers prefixed with a "#" symbol are special order parts for use with non-EU variants or for special installations. Please quote the full part number with the # when ordering.

### **Recycling information**



At the end of this product's life it should not be put in commercial or domestic refuse but sent for recycling. Any batteries contained within the product or used during the products life should be removed from the product and also be sent to an appropriate recycling facility.

Campbell Scientific Ltd can advise on the recycling of the equipment and in some cases arrange collection and the correct disposal of it, although charges may apply for some items or territories.

For further advice or support, please contact Campbell Scientific Ltd, or your local agent.



Campbell Scientific Ltd, Campbell Park, 80 Hathern Road, Shepshed, Loughborough, LE12 9GX, UK Tel: +44 (0) 1509 601141 Fax: +44 (0) 1509 601091 *Email: support@campbellsci.co.uk* www.campbellsci.co.uk

# Contents

*PDF viewers note: These page numbers refer to the printed version of this document. Use the Adobe Acrobat*® *bookmarks tab for links to specific sections.* 

1. Intro	oduction	. 1
	1.1 Initial Inspection and Handling Guidelines	2
2. Spec	cifications	.2
3. Insta	allation and Wiring	.3
	<ul><li>3.1 Preparation for Use</li><li>3.2 Wiring</li></ul>	3 3
4. Prog	Jramming	.4
	<ul> <li>4.1 Using SCWIN for CR800, CR850, CR1000, and CR3000</li> <li>4.2 Using CRBasic</li></ul>	4 4 4 5 6
5. Calib	oration	. 6
6. Main	itenance	.6
	6.1 Cleaning	7
7. Trou	bleshooting	.8
Append	lix	
A. Cali	bration A	-1
Figure		
	6-1. Tip of the CS525 Probe	7
Tables		
	<ul><li>3-1. CR800, CR850, CR1000, and CR3000 Wiring</li><li>3-2. CR200(X) Series Wiring</li></ul>	3 4

# CS525 ISFET pH Probe

The CS525 probe is designed for general pH measurements in aqueous or semi-solid solutions. It provides a 0 to 5 Vdc output that represents a 0 to 14 pH range.

CAUTION

The CS525-L ISFET pH Sensor is highly susceptible to ground looping and galvanic conditions. In many cases this can be isolated by NOT grounding the datalogger to an earth ground. However, the most successful isolation technique to overcome these issues is to use the CWS900 Wireless Sensor Interface. Please discuss the application with a CSI applications engineer before purchasing the sensor.

# 1. Introduction

The submersible CS525 is designed to provide a rugged, reliable, accurate pH measurement that is fully temperature compensated.

The pH-sensitive element in the CS525 is SENTRON's high-tech Ion Sensitive Field Effect Transistor (ISFET) semi-conductor and includes a silver/silverchloride - potassium chloride reference system. This technology is the most significant breakthrough in pH testing in half a century and is the most powerful pH testing technology available today.

The ISFET proves its power under demanding circumstances where high solids, more aggressive chemicals or biological materials are present and clogging or junction contamination may occur. The probe is easily cleaned using a simple toothbrush.

The CS525 electronics are safely embedded in the sensor body which is made of durable PEEK material. Due to the elimination of the glass-bulb, the possibility of broken glass is eliminated. The ISFET design considerably reduces the number of acidic or alkaline errors in extreme pH conditions. This rugged design makes the CS525 suitable for just about any liquids applications, from laboratory to harsh field applications.

- Safety. The ISFET with durable PEEK material can be used safely in areas where broken glass is a hazard to the user.
- Intelligent electronics. CS525 combines the latest developments in ISFET pH sensor technology with state-of-the-art sensor signal processing. This allows for accurate, fast and reliable results.
- Quality. Designed and manufactured under stringent quality control conditions in an ISO 9001 environment. Each sensor is individually tested to the most demanding testing protocols, and the electronics comply fully with **€**€ directives and with EMC standard IEC61326:2005.

This sensing element is driven by an electronic circuit that is built into the handle of the probe. The CS525 can only perform up to its specifications if connected in the correct way to the datalogger. Any other combinations might cause a loss of performance and irreversible damage to both probe and/or datalogger.

### **1.1 Initial Inspection and Handling Guidelines**

Upon receipt of the CS525, inspect the packaging for any signs of shipping damage, and, if found, report the damage to the carrier in accordance with policy. The contents of the package should also be inspected and a claim filed if any shipping related damage is discovered.

Care should be taken when opening the package not to damage or cut the cable jacket. If there is any question about damage having been caused to the cable jacket, a thorough inspection is prudent.

The model number and cable length is printed on the cable label. Check this information against the shipping documentation to ensure that the expected model number and cable length were received.

Remember that although the CS525 is designed to be a rugged and reliable device for field use, it is also a highly precise scientific instrument and should be handled as such. There are no user serviceable parts and any attempt to disassemble the device will void the warranty.

# 2. Specifications

pH Range:	0 to 14	
Power Requirements:	4.5 to 5.5 Vdc	
Power Consumption:	Supply current: 2 mA nominal	
Measurement Time:	$200 \ msec < t_{67\%} < 500 \ msec$	
Output:	A) 0 mV to +5000 mV +2700 mV at pH7 at 25°C with a sensitivity of 270 mV to 330 mV/pH at 25°C	
	B) ±400 mV with a sensitivity of -45 mV to -50 mV/pH at 25°C	
Accuracy:	±0.1 pH with 2 point calibration	
<b>Operating Temperature:</b>	0 to 70° C	
Maximum Cable Length:	300 m (1000 ft)	
Cable Type:	three-twisted pair, 24 awg cable with Santoprene® jacket	
Sensor Material:	PEEK	
Dimensions:	Length 190 mm (7.48 inches) Diameter 16 mm (0.63 inches)	
Weight w/10 ft Cable:	318 g (11.2 oz)	
Allowed Water Pressure:	0 to 700 kPa (0 to 101.5 psi)	

# 3. Installation and Wiring

#### NOTE

Campbell Scientific only offered the 0 to 5000 mV output range for CS525 probes ordered before January 2010. These probes had four wires instead of five. Wire colours were red (signal), black (power), white (signal reference), and clear (shield).

### 3.1 Preparation for Use

The CS525 is shipped dry. Before the probe can be calibrated, soak it in 7 pH buffer solution for 15 minutes. Unlike many glass-bulb type pH sensors, the CS525 ISFET pH probe can be installed without regard to orientation.

### 3.2 Wiring

The CS525 has two output range options: 0 to 5000 mV or  $\pm$ 400 mV. Select the output option that best fits the measurement range of the data acquisition device used.

Campbell Scientific's CR800, CR850, CR1000, and CR3000 can measure several output ranges. With these dataloggers, either the 0 to 5000 mV output or  $\pm$ 400 mV output can be chosen for the CS525. Connect the CS525 to the CR800, CR850, CR1000, and CR3000 based on the probe's output option (see Table 3-1).

Table 3-1. CR800, CR850, CR1000, and CR3000 Wiring				
Wire Colour	Wire Label/Function	Datalogger Connections		
		0 to 5000 mV	±400 mV	
Red	Power 5 Vdc	5V	5V	
Black	Signal Reference	Ŧ	÷	
White	Signal	SE	÷	
Green	Signal	Ŧ	SE	
Clear	Shield	G	G	

The CR200(X)-series dataloggers can only measure the 0 to 2500 mV output range. To accommodate this limitation, choose the 0 to 5000 mV output option for the CS525, and then use a VDIV2:1 to divide the sensor's 5 Vdc output to 2.5 Vdc (see Table 3-2).

Table 3-2.   CR200(X) Series Wiring				
Wire Colour	Wire Label/Function	VDIV2:1*	CR200(X) Series	
Red	Power 5 Vdc		EX	
Black	Signal Reference	G	Ŧ	
White	Signal	Н	SE	
Clear	Shield		G	

\*When using the VDIV2:1 with the CR200(X)-series datalogger, the L peg of the VDIV2:1 is not used and can be removed.

## 4. Programming

### 4.1 Using SCWIN for CR800, CR850, CR1000, and CR3000

In SCWIN, the CS525 is programmed by selecting single-ended voltage under Generic Measurements. SCWIN is the easiest and typically the preferred method for programming the datalogger. SCWIN generates a wiring diagram that shows how to connect the CS525 to your Campbell Scientific datalogger.

### 4.2 Using CRBasic

#### 4.2.1 Simple Program

#### 4.2.1.1 CR200(X) Programming

The CS525 does not require constant power. To conserve power, the datalogger can be programmed to power the CS525 prior to the measurement, shut off. This function can be accomplished using the ExDelSE instruction of a CR200(X) datalogger. A multiplier of 1.0 and an offset of 0.0 yields millivolts. A corrected multiplier and an offset are required to provide an output in pH units (see Appendix A).

The ExDelSE instruction has the following format:

ExDelSE(Dest,Reps,SEChan,ExChan,ExmV,Delay,Mult,Offset)

This example program uses the ExDelSE instruction to apply a voltage to excitation channel one, delay for 30 milliseconds, and then make a measurement on single-ended analogue channel one.

**NOTE** The sections that immediately follow are for CRBasic users. SCWIN users can jump ahead to the Calibration section.

'CR200(X) Series
'Declare the variable for the pH measurement
Public pHmV
Read sensor every 60 seconds
BeginProg
Scan(60,sec)
'Turn power on, delay for 30000 microseconds, then measure sensor
ExDelSE(pHmV,1,1,Ex1,mV5000,30000,1,0.0)
NextScan
EndProg

#### 4.2.1.2 CR800, CR850, CR1000, and CR3000 Programming

For the CR800, CR1000 and CR3000 dataloggers, Instruction VoltSe is used to read Single-ended analogue sensors. A multiplier of 1.0 and an offset of 0.0 yields millivolts. A corrected multiplier and an offset are required to provide an output in pH units (see Appendix A).

The VoltSe instruction has the following form:

VoltSe(Dest, Reps, Range, SEChan, MeasOff, SettlingTime, Integ, Mult, Offset)

Use mV5000 for the range parameter if the sensor's output option is 0 to 5000 mV. Typically, use mV250 for the range parameter if the sensor's output option is  $\pm 300$  mV.

**NOTE** The mV250 range option may be inadequate for pH ranges that are greater than 11 or less than 2. At these extreme ranges, either use Autorange or mV5000.

Below is an example program for CR800, CR850, CR1000, and CR3000 dataloggers when the sensor has a 0 to 5000 mV output.

'CR1000 Series Datalogger

*Declare the variable for the pH measurement* **Public pHmV** 

'Read sensor every 60 seconds BeginProg Scan(60,sec,1,0)

 Code for VoltSE measurements: VoltSE(pHmV,1, mV5000,1,False,0,\_60Hz,1,0)

NextScan EndProg Below is an example program for CR800, CR850, CR1000, and CR3000 dataloggers when the sensor has a  $\pm 400$  mV output (see Note below).

*CR1000 Series Datalogger Declare the variable for the pH measurement* Public pHmV *Read sensor every 60 seconds* BeginProg Scan(60,sec,1,0)

*Code for VoltSE measurements:* VoltSE(pHmV,1, mV250,1,False,0,\_60Hz,1,0)

NextScan EndProg

NOTE

The mV250 range option may be inadequate for pH ranges that are greater than 11 or less than 2. At these extreme ranges, either use Autorange or mV5000.

### 4.2.2 Programming for calibration

In order to output in pH units instead of mV, the offset and multiplier need to be entered in the datalogger programming. Also, because of the need to periodically calibrate the pH reading, simple program instructions can be used to make this process simple. See Appendix A for an example program.

## 5. Calibration

Calibration should be carried out according to the detailed procedure outlined in Appendix A.

The calibration should use two or more pH standards (pH4 CSI PN #25587, pH7 CSI PN #25586, and pH10 CSI PN #25588).

The frequency of calibration will depend on the level of accuracy required and the coating/fouling nature of the samples being measured.

## 6. Maintenance

Campbell Scientific recommends that the CS525 be cleaned and calibrated periodically to insure accurate readings. If the CS525 is not operating properly and requires return to Campbell Scientific, the customer must get an RMA (returned material authorization) and fill out the Declaration of Hazardous Material and Decontamination form. This information can be obtained from http://www.campbellsci.com/repair.

The CS525 has no user-serviceable parts. Cable can be damaged by abrasion, rodents, sharp objects, twisting, crimping or crushing and pulling. Take care during installation and use to avoid cable damage.

## 6.1 Cleaning

It is possible that contamination on the diaphragm will block the built-in reference electrode. In that case there will be no electrical contact between the electrode and the ISFET chip and the probe will not function.

To prevent this, regular cleaning is recommended. The required frequency of cleaning depends on the quality of the water. The best cleaning method is the following "soapy water method":

- 1. Place the tip of the probe in soapy water that is 50° to 60°C and soak for about 5 minutes (see Figure 6-1).
- 2. Rinse thoroughly with deionized water.
- 3. If necessary, lightly scrub the tip of the probe with a toothbrush to remove debris (see Caution).
- 4. Place the probe in saturated KC1 solution (CSI PN #16349) at about 20°C. Keep probe in solution for about 30 minutes.

**CAUTION** To prevent scratching the chip, a toothbrush should only be used after soaking in soapy water. Most scratches occur when hard particles are rubbed with a toothbrush on the chip surface. This can cause irreversible damage to the probe.

- 5. Rinse the probe.
- 6. Calibrate the probe (see Appendix A).



Figure 6-1. Tip of the CS525 Probe

# 7. Troubleshooting

The most common causes for erroneous pH data include:

- poor sensor connections to the datalogger
- damaged cables
- scratched chip

#### Problem:

Output signal is at its maximum value.

#### Possible reason:

- Probe is not in fluid.
- Chip is polluted.
- Diaphragm is polluted.
- Chip is scratched.

#### Suggestion:

- Put probe in fluid.
- Clean probe using soapy water method.
- Probe cannot be fixed if chip is scratched.

#### Problem:

Probe response is very slow.

#### Possible reason:

• Diaphragm is chipped or polluted

#### Suggestion:

• Clean probe with soapy water method.

#### Problem:

#### Probe signal is drifting.

#### Possible reason:

- Diaphragm can be dried out.
- Chip is scratched.

#### Suggestion:

- Soak probe for 10 minutes in saturated KC1 solution (CSI PN #16349).
- Probe cannot be fixed.

# Appendix A. Calibration

This calibration process uses a 7 pH and 4 pH buffer solution.

After downloading the following example program onto the datalogger, and ensuring that the CS525 is properly wired to the datalogger, the operator would use the Numeric Display found in the software PC200W, PC400, LoggerNet, PConnect, and PConnectCE, to:

- 1. Place the CS525 into a pH 7 buffer solution (CSI PN #25586).
- 2. Allow the pHmV reading to stabilize.
- 3. Change the value in pH7record to -1.
- 4. Remove the CS525 from the pH7 buffer solution and rinse with deionized water.
- 5. Blot dry the CS525 with a soft cloth or paper towel.
- 6. Place the CS525 in a pH 4 buffer solution (CSI PN #25587).
- 7. Allow the pHmV reading to stabilize.
- 8. Change the value in pH4record to -1.
- 9. Change the value in pHcal to -1.
- 10. The CS525 is now ready to be placed in the solution to be measured.

The simple example program to provide this two point pH calibration process would be:

#### PreserveVariables

*'Define Variables* Public batt\_volt, pH, pHmV Public pHcal, pH4record, pH7record Dim pHmult,pH0ffset

Dim pH4mV,pH7mV

'Define Data Tables DataTable (TenMin,1,-1) DataInterval (0,10,min,10) Average (1,pH,FP2,False) EndTable

*'Main Program* BeginProg Scan (10,Sec,3,0)

> Battery (Batt\_volt) VoltSe (pHmV,1,mV5000,1,False,0,\_60Hz,1,0)

```
If pH4record = -1 Then

pH4mV = pHmV

pH4record = 0
```

```
EndIf

If pH7record = -1 Then

pH7mV = pHmV

pH7record = 0

EndIf

If pHcal = -1 Then

pHmult = 3/(pH7mV - pH4mV)

pHoffset = 7 - pHmult * pH7mV

pHcal = 0

EndIf

pH = pHmult * pHmV + pHoffset

CallTable TenMin

NextScan

EndProg
```

### **CAMPBELL SCIENTIFIC COMPANIES**

Campbell Scientific, Inc. (CSI)

815 West 1800 North Logan, Utah 84321 UNITED STATES

www.campbellsci.com • info@campbellsci.com

#### Campbell Scientific Africa Pty. Ltd. (CSAf)

PO Box 2450 Somerset West 7129 SOUTH AFRICA

www.csafrica.co.za • sales@csafrica.co.za

#### Campbell Scientific Australia Pty. Ltd. (CSA)

PO Box 444 Thuringowa Central QLD 4812 AUSTRALIA www.campbellsci.com.au • info@campbellsci.com.au

#### Campbell Scientific do Brazil Ltda. (CSB)

Rua Luisa Crapsi Orsi, 15 Butantã CEP: 005543-000 São Paulo SP BRAZIL www.campbellsci.com.br • suporte@campbellsci.com.br

#### Campbell Scientific Canada Corp. (CSC)

11564 - 149th Street NW Edmonton, Alberta T5M 1W7 CANADA

www.campbellsci.ca • dataloggers@campbellsci.ca

#### Campbell Scientific Centro Caribe S.A. (CSCC)

300N Cementerio, Edificio Breller Santo Domingo, Heredia 40305 COSTA RICA www.campbellsci.cc • info@campbellsci.cc

#### Campbell Scientific Ltd. (CSL)

Campbell Park 80 Hathern Road Shepshed, Loughborough LE12 9GX UNITED KINGDOM www.campbellsci.co.uk • sales@campbellsci.co.uk

#### **Campbell Scientific Ltd. (France)**

3 Avenue de la Division Leclerc 92160 ANTONY FRANCE

www.campbellsci.fr • info@campbellsci.fr

#### Campbell Scientific Spain, S. L. Avda. Pompeu Fabra 7-9 Local 1 - 08024 BARCELONA

SPAIN www.campbellsci.es • info@campbellsci.es

#### Campbell Scientific Ltd. (Germany) Fahrenheitstrasse13, D-28359 Bremen GERMANY

www.campbellsci.de • info@campbellsci.de